



## References

- Böhl, F., Kruse, C., Frank, A., Ferring, D., and Jansen, R.P. (2000). She2p, a novel RNA-binding protein tethers ASH1 mRNA to the Myo4p myosin motor via She3p. *EMBO J* 19, 5514-5524.
- Dalle, F., Wächtler, B., L'Ollivier, C., Holland, G., Bannert, N., Wilson, D., Labruère, C., Bonnin, A., and Hube, B. (2010). Cellular interactions of *Candida albicans* with human oral epithelial cells and enterocytes. *Cellular Microbiology* 12, 248-271.
- Elson, S.L., Noble, S.M., Solis, N.V., Filler, S.G., and Johnson, A.D. (2009). An RNA Transport System in *Candida albicans* Regulates Hyphal Morphology and Invasive Growth. *PLOS Genetics* 5, e1000664.
- Filler, S.G., Swerdloff, J.N., Hobbs, C., and Luckett, P.M. (1995). Penetration and damage of endothelial cells by *Candida albicans*. *Infection and immunity* 63, 976-983.
- Lo, H.-J., Köhler, J.R., DiDomenico, B., Loebenberg, D., Cacciapuoti, A., and Fink, G.R. (1997). Nonfilamentous *C. albicans* Mutants Are Avirulent. *Cell* 90, 939-949.
- Long, R.M., Gu, W., Lorimer, E., Singer, R.H., and Chartrand, P. (2000). She2p is a novel RNA-binding protein that recruits the Myo4p-She3p complex to ASH1 mRNA. *EMBO J* 19, 6592-6601.
- Saville, S.P., Lazzell, A.L., Monteagudo, C., and Lopez-Ribot, J.L. (2003). Engineered control of cell morphology in vivo reveals distinct roles for yeast and filamentous forms of *Candida albicans* during infection. *Eukaryot Cell* 2, 1053-1060.