springs, canallow for the propagation of dispersive shock was (BBSWs). The waves produced by an initial sturbance in the chain have an amplitude pendent velocit (i.e. the higher amplitude parts of the wave travel at a different speed than the velocit (i.e. the hereby allowing for the eventual creation of a shock wave that travels through the Wohain. work this summer began with DPLOLDULVLQJP\VHOIZLWK 3duhRIHVVRU DSWs in granular chaines of understanding the forential equation for the strain on the masses in the chain and my coworkers worked on writing code to numerice approximate the solution to this equation and reproduce some graphs of this approxima (frigure 1)

The next stage of my work focused the Kortewegde Vries (KdV) equation, which can be derived from the original differential equation if some appraction is allowed. I then followed a derivation of an explicit solution to the KdV equation, meaning that I then had asolution into which I could plug values for the mass number and the time to get the

original equation. Producing a graph comparing the was difficult (the best attempt is Figure 2) given that there are a large number of constants